- (i) New England Regional Office, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, Massachusetts 01803.
- (ii) Eastern Regional Office, Federal Building, John F. Kennedy (JFK) International Airport, Jamaica, New York 11430.
- (iii) Southern Regional Office, 3400 Norman Berry Drive, East Point, Georgia (P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia) 30320
- (iv) Great Lakes Regional Office, 2300 East Devon, Des Plaines, Illinois 60018.
- (v) Central Regional Office, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.
- (vi) Southwest Regional Office, 4400 Blue Mound Road, (P.O. Box 1689), Fort Worth, Texas 76101.
- (vii) Northwest Mountain Regional Office, 17900 Pacific Highway, South, C-68966, Seattle, Washington 98168.
- (viii) Western Pacific Regional Office, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Hawthorne, California (P.O. Box 92007, Worldway Postal Center, Los Angeles) 90009
- (ix) Alaskan Regional Office, 701 "C" Street, Box 14, Anchorage, Alaska 99513.
- (xi) European Office, 15, Rue de la Loi (3rd Floor) B1040 Brussels, Belgium.
- (4) The Office of the Federal Register, Room 8401, 1100 "L" Street, NW., Washington, DC.

[Doc. No. 18691, 49 FR 49269, Dec. 18, 1984, as amended by Amdt. 150–2, 54 FR 39295, Sept. 25, 1989]

Subpart B—Development of Noise Exposure Maps and Noise Compatibility Programs

§150.21 Noise exposure maps and related descriptions.

- (a) Each airport operator may after completion of the consultations and public procedure specified under paragraph (b) of this section submit to the Regional Airports Division Manager five copies of the noise exposure map (or revised map) which identifies each noncompatible land use in each area depicted on the map, as of the date of submission, and five copies of a map each with accompanying documentation setting forth—
- (1) The noise exposure based on forecast aircraft operations at the airport

- for the fifth calendar year beginning after the date of submission (based on reasonable assumptions concerning future type and frequency of aircraft operations, number of nighttime operations, flight patterns, airport layout including any planned airport development, planned land use changes, and demographic changes in the surrounding areas): and
- (2) The nature and extent, if any, to which those forecast operations will affect the compatibility and land uses depicted on the map.
- (b) Each map, and related documentation submitted under this section must be developed and prepared in accordance with appendix A of this part, or an FAA approved equivalent, and in consultation with states, and public agencies and planning agencies whose area, or any portion of whose area, of jurisdiction is within the L_{dn} 65 dB contour depicted on the map, FAA regional officials, and other Federal officials having local responsibility for land uses depicted on the map. This consultation must include regular aeronautical users of the airport. The airport operator shall certify that it has afforded interested persons adequate opportunity to submit their views, data, and comments concerning the correctness and adequacy of the draft noise exposure map and descriptions of forecast aircraft operations. Each map and revised map must be accompanied by documentation describing the consultation accomplished under this paragraph and the opportunities afforded the public to review and comment during the development of the map. One copy of all written comments received during consultation shall also be filed with the Regional Airports Division Manager.
- (c) The Regional Airports Division Manager acknowledges receipt of noise exposure maps and descriptions and indicates whether they are in compliance with the applicable requirements. The Regional Airports Division Manager publishes in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice of compliance for each such noise exposure map and description, identifying the airport involved. Such notice includes information as to when

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and where the map and related documentation are available for public inspection.

(d) If, after submission of a noise exposure map under paragraph (a) of this section, any change in the operation of the airport would create any "substantial, new noncompatible use" in any area depicted on the map beyond that which is forecast for the fifth calendar year after the date of submission, the airport operator shall, in accordance with this section, promptly prepare and submit a revised noise exposure map. A change in the operation of an airport creates a substantial new noncompatible use if that change results in an increase in the yearly day-night average sound level of 1.5 dB or greater in either a land area which was formerly compatible but is thereby made noncompatible under appendix A (Table 1), or in a land area which was previously determined to be noncompatible under that Table and whose noncompatibility is now significantly increased. Such updating of the map shall include a reassessment of those areas excluded under sec. A150.101(e)(5) of appendix A because of high ambient noise levels. If the five-year forecast map is based on assumptions involving recommendations in a noise compatibility program which are subsequently disapproved by the FAA, a revised map must be submitted if revised assumptions would create a substantial, new noncompatible use not indicated on the initial five-year map. Revised noise exposure maps are subject to the same requirements and procedures as initial submissions of noise exposure maps under this part.

(e) Each map, or revised map, and description of consultation and opportunity for public comment, submitted to the FAA, must be certified as true and complete under penalty of 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(f)(1) The ASNA Act provides, in section 107 (a) (49 U.S.C. 2107(a)), that:

No person who acquires property or an interest therein after the date of enactment of the Act in an area surrounding an airport with respect to which a noise exposure map has been submitted under section 103 of the Act shall be entitled to recover damages with respect to the noise attributable to such airport if such person had actual or constructive knowledge of the existence of

such noise exposure map unless, in addition to any other elements for recovery of damages, such person can show that—

- (i) A significant change in the type or frequency of aircraft operations at the airport;
- (ii) A significant change in the airport layout: or
- (iii) A significant change in the flight patterns; or
- (iv) A significant increase in nighttime operations; occurred after the date of the acquisition of such property or interest therein and that the damages for which recovery is sought have resulted from any such change or increase."
- (2) The Act further provides in section 107(b), (49 U.S.C. 2107(b)):

That for this purpose, "constructive knowledge" shall be imputed, at a minimum, to any person who acquires property or an interest therein in an area surrounding an airport after the date of enactment of the Act if—

- (i) Prior to the date of such acquisition, notice of the existence of a noise exposure map for such area was published at least three times in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which such property is located; or
- (ii) A copy of such noise exposure map is furnished to such person at the time of such acquisition.
- (g) For this purpose, the term *significant* in paragraph (f) of this section means that change or increase in one or more of the four factors which results in a "substantial new noncompatible use" as defined in §150.21(d), affecting the property in issue. Responsibility for applying or interpreting this provision with respect to specific properties rests with local government.

[Doc. No. 18691, 49 FR 49269, Dec. 1, 1984; 50 FR 5063, Feb. 6, 1985; Amdt. 150–2, 54 FR 39295, Sept. 25, 1989]

§ 150.23 Noise compatibility programs.

- (a) Any airport operator who has submitted an acceptable noise exposure map under §150.21 may, after FAA notice of acceptability and other consultation and public procedure specified under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, as applicable, submit to the Regional Airports Division Manager five copies of a noise compatibility program.
- (b) An airport operator may submit the noise compatibility program at the same time as the noise exposure map.